NRC Safety Culture Policy Statement

In March 2011, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) approved its Safety Culture Policy Statement. The Policy Statement was developed over a three-year period during which the NRC engaged in extensive outreach with a broad range of stakeholders.

This policy statement provides the NRC’s expectation that individuals and organizations performing regulated activities establish and maintain a positive safety culture. A positive safety culture is associated with the safety and security significance of their activities, and the nature and complexity of their organizations and functions.

Because safety and security are the primary pillars of the NRC’s regulatory mission, consideration of both safety and security issues is commensurate with their significance, is an underlying principle of the Safety Culture Policy Statement.

Washington is an NRC Agreement State, which means Washington has regulatory authority over the use of certain radiological materials. This policy statement is not a state regulation or rule.

The NRC encourages the Agreement States, their licensees, and other organizations interested in nuclear safety to support the development and maintenance of a positive safety culture within their regulated communities.

Importance for Regulated Entities

Industry experience has shown the value of establishing and maintaining a positive safety culture. The NRC believes that, through our continued outreach activities, this value will become apparent. It is important to remember that individuals and organizations performing regulated activities bear the primary responsibility for safety and security. The NRC can monitor and trend the performance of individuals and organizations to determine compliance with requirements and commitments. This information may also serve as an indicator of possible problem areas in an organization’s safety culture. However, the NRC does not monitor or trend the traits in the policy statement. The policy statement is not a Washington state regulation; therefore, it is the organization’s responsibility, as part of its safety culture program, to consider how to apply this policy statement to its regulated activities.

Moving Forward

As the Safety Culture Policy Statement enters the next phase, outreach, cooperation, and interaction with and between external stakeholders will become even more important to the success of the policy statement. During this phase, the NRC staff will continue to engage stakeholders in dialogue regarding the importance of a positive safety culture in their specific activities and will also seek out feedback on the ability of stakeholders to use the policy statement in those activities, as well as to determine whether there are areas in the policy statement where changes may be appropriate.
Traits of a Positive Nuclear Safety Culture

Experience has shown that certain personal and organizational traits are present in a positive safety culture:

Leadership Safety Values and Actions— Leaders demonstrate a commitment to safety in their decisions and behaviors.

Problem Identification and Resolution— Issues potentially impacting safety are promptly identified, fully evaluated, and promptly addressed and corrected commensurate with their significance.

Personal Accountability— All individuals take personal responsibility for safety.

Work Processes— The process of planning and controlling work activities is implemented so that safety is maintained.

Continuous Learning— Opportunities to learn about ways to ensure safety are sought out and implemented.

Environment for Raising Concerns— A safety-conscious work environment is maintained where personnel feel free to raise safety concerns without fear of retaliation, intimidation, harassment, or discrimination.

Effective Safety Communication— Communications maintain a focus on safety.

Respectful Work Environment— Trust and respect permeate the organization.

Questioning Attitude— Individuals avoid complacency and continuously challenge existing conditions and activities in order to identify discrepancies that might result in error or inappropriate action.

Washington State Department of Health
Office of Radiation Protection

Mission
To protect and improve the health of the people in Washington State by working to ensure that exposure to radiation is as low as reasonably achievable.

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