嬰兒哭泣時,有助於您哄嬰兒的幾點方法:

- 1. 保持冷靜,並且要有耐心-嬰兒可能會哭幾分鐘才能安靜下來。
- 2. 試設法根據嬰兒做出的表示來搞清嬰兒想說些甚麼。
- 3. 拘緊嬰兒。
- 4. 輕聲低語或者反復地唱。
- 5. 不停地輕輕搖晃或上下顛動嬰兒。
- 6. 輕輕地撫摸嬰兒的後背、手臂和腿。
- 7. 如果您開始生氣或者感到力不從心, 應該以將嬰兒放在安全的地方, 然後休息幾分鐘。

千萬不要 用力搖晃 嬰兒!

- 8. 請朋友或家人幫忙。
- 9. 如果您覺得嬰兒哭泣得太多,請與**WIC**或者您的醫生聯絡。

摘自加利福尼亞州WIC計畫。

此文件還備有其他版本格式,可供殘障人士索取。 請打電話索取,電話號碼是1-800-841-1410 (TDD/TTY專線號碼是1-800-833-6388)。 本機構對所有需要幫助者一視同仁。 華盛頓州WIC營養計畫禁止任何歧視。

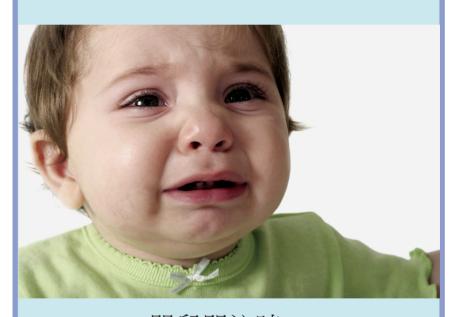






Created by the UC Davis Human Lactation Center as part of the FitWIC Baby Behavior Study. Key Resource: Sumner, B., & Barnard, K. (1980). Keys to caregiving. Seattle: NCAST, University of Washington. This project has been funded at least in part with Federal funds from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service. The contents of this publication do not necessarily reflect the view or policies of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, nor does mention of trade names, commercial products, or organizations imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.

嬰兒為何 哭泣?



嬰兒哭泣時, 您可能會覺得很煩躁。

哭泣雖然是正常現象,但您仍可 採取一些措施避免嬰兒哭泣。

正視與嬰兒哭泣有關的事實

所有的嬰兒都會 哭泣。





嬰兒哭泣會使人感到心煩,因 為這會使照護者覺得自己有必 要給予幫助。

嬰兒哭泣的原因有很多,不僅 僅是因為他們感到飢餓。



當您試圖幫忙時,可能要花一點時間才能 讓他們安靜下來。嬰兒需要一些時間才能 做出回應。

平均而言,6週大的嬰兒每天 哭泣時間大約為兩個小時。





隨著嬰兒長大,哭泣次數 會逐漸減少。

嬰兒哭泣的原因有很多

有時候,您很容易就能知道嬰兒需要甚麼 (例如需要換尿布!)。有時候,嬰兒似 乎毫無緣故就開始哭泣。

> 留心嬰兒做出的表示,以便瞭解 嬰兒哭泣的原因……

如果嬰兒感到飢餓,則可能會:

- 發出吸吮聲
- 撅嘴
- 將手放在嘴邊



如果嬰兒需要休息,並想停止周圍的活動,則可能會:



- 扭轉臉或者將東西推開
- 伸直手指
- **面部和身體肌肉緊張**

在很多情況下,嬰兒哭泣之前會做出一些表示。應該留心嬰兒做出的表示並使嬰兒感到更舒服一些;這是避免嬰兒哭泣的好方法。



Dear Colleague,

The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) provides print-ready files (PDFs) of health education materials. To ensure that the original quality of the piece is maintained, please read and follow the instructions below and the specifications included for professional printing.

- Use the latest version. DOH materials are developed using the most current information available, are checked for clinical accuracy, and are field tested with the intended audience to ensure they are clear and readable. DOH programs make periodic revisions to educational materials, so please check this web site to be sure you have the latest version. DOH assumes no responsibility for the use of this material or for any errors or omissions.
- **Do not alter**. We are providing this artwork with the understanding that it will be printed without alterations and copies will be free to the public. Do not edit the text or use illustrations or photographs for other purposes without first contacting us. Please do not alter or remove the DOH logo, publication number or revision date. If you want to use a part of this publication for other purposes, contact the Office of Health Promotion first.
- For quality reproduction: Low resolution PDF files are intended for black and white or color desktop printers. They work best if you are making only one or two copies. High resolution PDF files are intended for reproducing large quantities and are set up for use by professional offset print shops. The high resolution files also include detailed printing specifications. Please match them as closely as possible and insist on the best possible quality for all reproductions.

If you have questions, contact:
Office of Health Promotion
P.O. Box 47833 Olympia, WA 98504-7833
(360) 236-3736

Sincerely, Health Education Resource Exchange Web Team