Food Code Snippet #2

VOMIT CLEAN-UP & OTHER REQUIRED PLANS

Written Plans

Establishment Procedures

- Refilling consumer containers
- Allowing pet dogs outdoors
- Noncontinuous/unattended cooking
- Time as a public health control
- Bare hand contact approval
- Risk control plan

Written policies and procedures help increase consistency.

Complex Processes

■ HACCP Plan or Variance for unique food handling

Everyone

✓ Vomit and diarrhea clean-up plan



Clean-up Plan

WAC 246-215-02500

Must have written procedures for employees to respond to vomiting or diarrheal events.

Procedures must address steps to minimize contamination and exposure of **employees**, **consumers**, **food**, and **surfaces**.





Toolkit: Vomit and Diarrhea Clean-up Plan



The following procedures address how employees must minimize the spread of contamination when cleaning up vomit and diarrhea. These procedures will limit the risk to employees, consumers, food, and surfaces in the food establishment. Staff must be trained on your clean-up plan and your plan must also be available for review by your regulatory authority (WAC 246-215-02500). Ensure all supplies are available to properly implement the procedure. **Adjust this document to fit your establishment**.

Note: Use this document to help your establishment maintain AMC. Be sure to work with your local health jurisdiction for any additional information or approvals as needed.

	Section 1	: Food Establishment Inf	ormation		
Esta	blishment Name		Phone		
Stree	et (Physical Address)	City	ZIP	Email	
Cont	act Name	Title / Position	on		
	Secti	ion 2: Clean-Up Plan Che	cklist		
1	Every food establishment must have a w Include the following items in your clean	ust have a written clean-up plan that protects consumers, food, employees, and surfaces. in your clean-up plan (modify as needed to fit your business):			
0	Protect Consumers Move guests from the contaminated area. Block off areas within 25 feet of the contaminated area until the area is properly cleaned and disinfected. Do not reseat guests within 25 feet of the contaminated area until the area is property cleaned and disinfected. Other:				
0	Protect Food Discard uncovered food or single-service items in the contaminated area Wash all utensils and equipment within a 25-foot radius of the vomit or diarrheal event Discontinue food service within a 25-foot radius of the contaminated area until all utensils, equipment, and surfaces have been cleaned and disinfected. Other				
	Protect Employees Any ill food workers/employees must be sent home immediately. Food workers may not return to work until their symptoms have resolved for at least 24 hours. Only trained staff should be assigned clean-up and disinfection tasks. Wear protective equipment such as gloves, apron, and goggles when responding to vomit or diarrhea incidents. Workers must wash hands after clean-up is completed. Staff involved with clean-up should not return to food handling until able to shower and change clothes. Remind employees to report symptoms or diagnosed illnesses to the Person in Charge. Symptoms include vomitin diarrhea, sore throat with fever, jaundice (yellowing), and infected cuts on the hands. Reportable illnesses include E. coli, Salmonella, hepatitis A, Shigella, and norovirus.				
	Protect Surfaces Use disposable absorbent material lik into trash bag. Clean and disinfect surfaces such as contaminated area. Bag, seal, and discard all disposable contaminated area. Block off and schedule steam cleaning Clean and disinfect reusable clean-up Other:	tabletops, doorknobs, and ch cleaning equipment (scoops, g for contaminated fabric surf	airs within a 25-foo mop heads, glove aces that cannot a	ot radius around the es, towels) before leaving the dequately be disinfected.	

The Vomit & Diarrhea Clean-up Plan is specific to norovirus



Toolkit: Vomit and Diarrhea Clean-up Plan



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Surfaces: Identify surfaces in the food establishment that will need disinfection to ensure staff are traine planned disinfectant is labeled for the surface (check all surfaces in the establishment): Hard, non-porous (tile, vinyl, sealed concrete, stainless steel): Follow 'non-porous' directions on disinfectant Porous (unsealed concrete, wood): Follow 'porous' disinfection directions on label. Carpet and upholstery: Close area and steam clean if unable to use disinfectant. Linens and clothing: Machine wash and dry hot; use chlorine bleach if possible.					
☐ Porous (unsealed concrete, wood): Follow 'porous' disinfection directions on label. ☐ Carpet and upholstery: Close area and steam clean if unable to use disinfectant. ☐ Linens and clothing: Machine wash and dry hot; use chlorine bleach if possible.	t label.				
☐ Carpet and upholstery: Close area and steam clean if unable to use disinfectant. ☐ Linens and clothing: Machine wash and dry hot; use chlorine bleach if possible.					
Linens and clothing: Machine wash and dry hot; use chlorine bleach if possible.					
Grace and outdoor concrete: Black access use absorbent material on smill sevens into have since associated					
	Grass and outdoor concrete: Block access; use absorbent material on spill; scrape into bag; rinse area with water.				
☐ Other:					
Clean-Up Kit: Identify items available for clean-up in the food establishment (check all that apply):					
□ Disposable masks □ Absorbent material □ Disposable mop head ○ Other tools: (baking soda, kitty litter) □					
□ Disposable gloves □ Disposable scoop/paper plates □ Mop bucket/hot water □					
☐ Disposable aprons ☐ Garbage bags ☐ Caution tape or signs ☐					
☐ Goggles ☐ Disposable paper towels/cloths ☐ Soap					
Disinfectant: Detail how to make and use the disinfectant (reference product label):					
EPA-Registered Disinfectant Name: Bleach or Other:					
Amount of disinfectant: Amount of water: Contact time:					
Instructions:					
Location of the kit: Location of the utility sink to clean reusable too	ale:				
Note: Tools used to clean up vomit and diarrhea should not be stored or cleaned in the kitchen if possible.	15				
Section 4. Employee Training					
Employee Training: Employees must be properly trained in advance. Select all that apply.					
How are employees trained? Read and sign the plan Kit demonstration Other:					
How often are employees trained? Once Quarterly Annually Other:					
Worker Assignments: Assign non-food workers clean-up duties when possible. Select all that apply.					
Who should be notified if a vomit or diarrhea event occurs?					
☐ Manager ☐ Janitor ☐ Server ☐ Cook ☐ Other:					
Who is responsible for cleaning yomit and diarrhea events?					
☐ Manager ☐ Janitor ☐ Server ☐ Cook ☐ Other:					
Section 5: Additional Facility-Specific Information					
Section 9. Additional Pacifity-Specific Information					
Section 6: Plan Maintenance					
☐ Where is the clean-up plan kept in the food establishment?					
☐ How often is the plan reviewed and updated? ☐ Annually ☐ Other:					
Section 7: Signature					
Plan prepared by:					
Signature Date Printed Name Ph	none				

(Washington Relay) or email civil.rights@doh.wa.gov.

Active Managerial Control Toolkit: Vomit and Diarrhea Clean-up Plan

antimicrobials
effective against
norovirus

Search "EPA List G" for

IN SUMMARY

- Written policies, procedures, and plans are encouraged to train and guide staff on food safety principles.
- 2. Plans and procedures are *specific to the establishment and operation*.
- 3. Some food handling processes need written plans.
- 4. Every food establishment MUST have a written vomiting and diarrheal clean-up plan.



Required Plans Key Points

A vomiting & diarrheal clean-up plan is different than routine sanitizing

- Make sure you address employee, customer, food, and surfaces
- Compile a clean-up kit (keep it out of the food handling areas)
- ✓ Write it down
- ✓ Train & prepare staff