Opioid Prescribing Documentation Checklist

For **Dentists** in Washington State

Subacute Pain



PRIOR TO WRITING AN OPIOID PRESCRIPTION

	Document:			
	 Appropriate history and physical examination, including: a) Nature and intensity of the pain b) Screening for potential high-risk behaviors and adverse events c) Other medications the patient is taking including: date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed 		Secure storage and disposal of opioids, as well as patient notification of the following: a) Risks associated with the use of opioids, including risk of dependence and overdose b) Pain management alternatives c) Safe and secure storage of opioid prescriptions d) Proper disposal of unused opioid medications e) Right to refuse an opioid prescription or order	
	Queries of the Washington state Prescription Monitoring Program		Diagnosis, indications for use, or ICD code for all opioid prescriptions	
	Screening or referral for consultation for psychosocial factors which may be impairing recovery		opiola prescriptions	
	Biological specimen test			
TF	TREATMENT PLAN			
	Must document:			
	Acknowledgment of progression from acute phase (< 6 weeks) to subacute phase (6-12 weeks)		Results of consultation for psychosocial factors that may be impairing recovery	
	Presence of one or more diagnoses or indications for the use of opioid pain medication		Risk-benefit analysis if opioids prescribed in combination with other schedule II-IV medications	
	Significant objective improvement in function or pain control with use of opioid pain medication		Clinical justification for opioid prescription of more than 14-day supply	
	Plan for continued use, tapering schedule, or discontinuation if improvement is limited		Changes in any of the following during follow-up visits:	
	Pain treatment plan with multimodal pharmacologic and non-pharmacologic therapies considered or tried		a) Change in pain reliefb) Change in physical functionc) Change in psychosocial function	
	Results of any aberrant biological specimen testing and a risk-benefit analysis if opioids will		Transition from subacute pain to chronic pain, if opioids are prescribed for > 6-12 week	



if opioids are prescribed for > 6-12 week

be continued