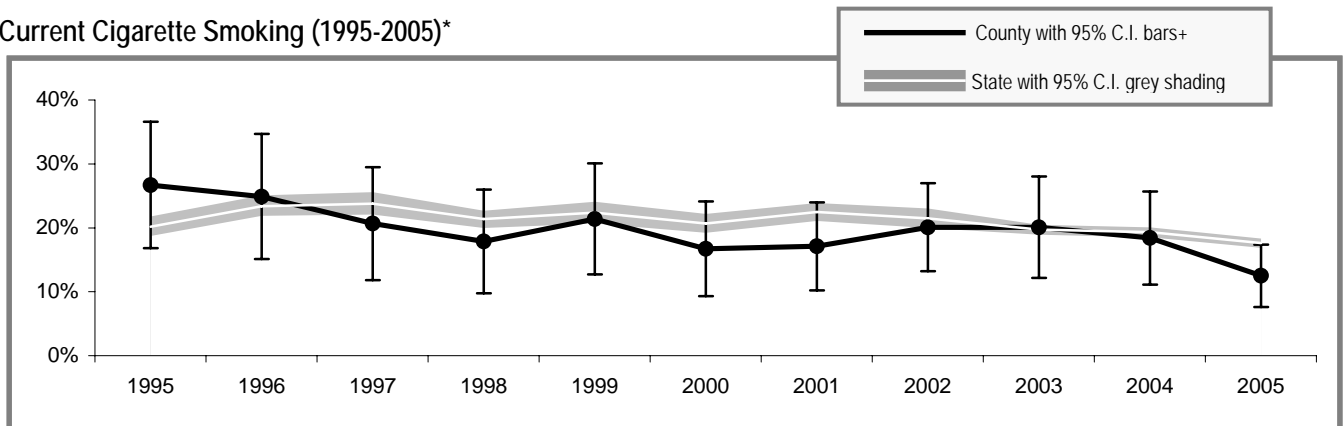


Jefferson County

Jefferson County

Adult Tobacco Use

Current Cigarette Smoking (1995-2005)\*



\* Smoking prevalence trend is based on English language surveys only. (Spanish language surveys began in 2003.)  
 + County prevalence is a 5-year rolling average through 2002; starting in 2003 smoking prevalence is based on single-year data.

Current Smoking (2005)\*\*

	All adults
Jefferson County	12.5% (± 4.9%)
Washington State	17.5% (± 0.7%)

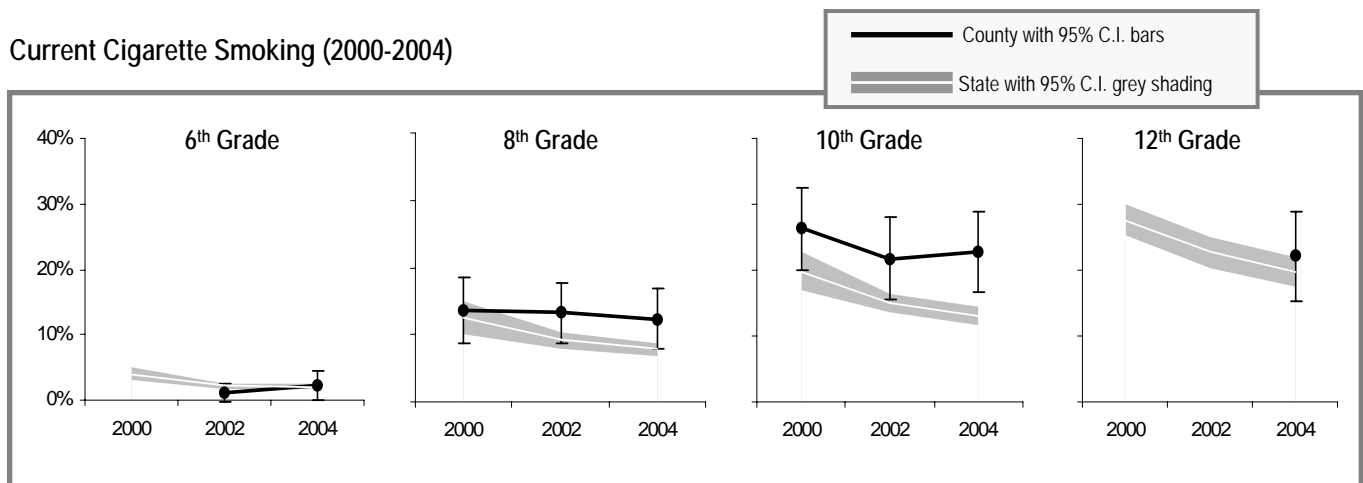
Current Smokeless Tobacco Use (2003-2005)\*\*

	All adults	Males only
Jefferson County	2.4% (± 1.8%)	4.5% (± 3.5%)
Washington State	3.0% (± 0.3%)	5.8% (± 0.6%)

\*\* Current smoking and smokeless prevalence include both English and Spanish language surveys.

Youth Tobacco Use

Current Cigarette Smoking (2000-2004)



Current Smoking (2004)

	All 10 <sup>th</sup> Graders
Jefferson County	22.7% (± 6.1%)
Region**	14.5% (± 1.6%)
Washington State	13.0% (± 1.4%)

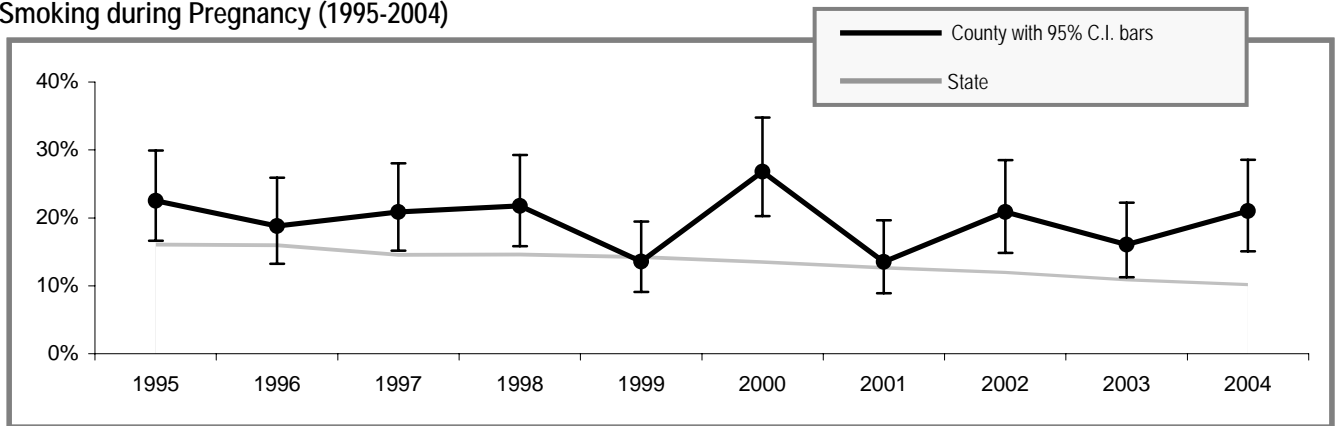
Current Smokeless Tobacco Use (2004)

	All 10 <sup>th</sup> Graders	10 <sup>th</sup> Grade Males only
Jefferson County	15.5% (± 5.3%)	24.7% (± 9.4%)
Region**	4.0% (± 0.6%)	7.2% (± 1.8%)
Washington State	4.9% (± 0.6%)	8.0% (± 1.2%)

\*\* Region includes school districts in Clallam, Jefferson, Kitsap, and Mason (North Mason) counties.

## Tobacco Use by Pregnant Women

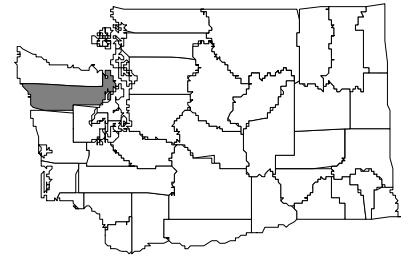
### Smoking during Pregnancy (1995-2004)



### People Affected in Jefferson County

2000 population: 25,953

- 2,600 adults smoke
- 500 adults use smokeless tobacco
- 40 infants are born annually to mothers who smoke during pregnancy
- 300 youth smoke
- 200 youth use smokeless tobacco
- 3,400 adults are exposed to secondhand smoke
- 500 youth are exposed to secondhand smoke
- 50 cancers diagnosed each year are smoking-related
- 50 adults die annually from smoking-related causes



### Community Indicators for Jefferson County

- All restaurants and bars are now completely smokefree
- 83% of households have a ban on smoking (95% C.I.  $\pm$  5%)
- 10% of retailers sold tobacco products to minors
- 47% of 10<sup>th</sup> graders say tobacco is "hard to get" (95% C.I.  $\pm$  10%)
- 0 tobacco industry sampling event occurred in the past year – 0 samples were distributed
- 53 people called the Quitline in the past year
- 58% of smokers tried to quit in the past year (95% C.I.  $\pm$  14%)
- 64% of tobacco users who had a healthcare visit in the past year were advised to quit by a healthcare professional (95% C.I.  $\pm$  9%)
- 20% of tobacco users did not have a healthcare visit in the past year (95% C.I.  $\pm$  7%)
- 14% of smokers who have health insurance say that their insurance covers help in quitting smoking, such as counseling or nicotine patches (95% C.I.  $\pm$  8%)
- 48% of smokers with health insurance do not know if it covers help in quitting smoking (95% C.I.  $\pm$  18%)

### Priorities for Tobacco Prevention and Control

- Preventing Youth from Initiating Tobacco Use
- Increasing Tobacco Cessation
- Eliminating Exposure to Secondhand Smoke
- Identifying and Eliminating Tobacco-Related Disparities in High Risk Groups

#### Local Contact Information:

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