

Washington State Newborn Screening Program 2014 Screening and Disorder Summary

2014 Screening Statistics										
Washington State Numbers	1 st Qtr	2 nd Qtr	3 rd Qtr	4 th Qtr	Total					
Hospital*, Birth Center & Home Births	21,163	22,574	23,121	20,540	87,398					
Specimens Tested (most infants have two screens)	40,572	42,577	44,778	45,965	173,908					

^{*} Excludes babies born at Bremerton and Whidbey Island Naval hospitals.

2014 Disorder Statistics								
Disorders Diagnosed	Number of Infants							
	1st Qtr	2 nd Qtr	3 rd Qtr	4 th Qtr	Total			
Amino Acid disorders	2	3	1	0	6 ^a			
Biotinidase Deficiency	0	1	0	0	1			
Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia	1	2	0	2	5			
Congenital Hypothyroidism	15	22	16	37	113			
Cystic Fibrosis	0	5	4	5	14			
Fatty Acid Oxidation disorders	0	1	5	3	10 ^b			
<u>Galactosemia</u>	1	1	3	5	10			
Organic Acid disorders	0	1	0	2	3 °			
Severe Combined Immunodeficiency	0	1	0	1	1 ^d			
Sickle Cell Disease and Other Clinically Significant Hemoglobinopathies	3	4	12	7	26			
All Dried Blood Tests Combined	22	42	41	62	189			
Early Hearing Loss	7	21	62	58	148			
All Disorders Combined	29	63	103	120	337			

^a Four infants with phenylketonuria (PKU), one infant with argininosuccinic aciduria (ASA) and one infant with maple syrup urine disease (MSUD).



^b Includes four infants with medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency, four infants with very-long chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (VLCAD) deficiency, two infants with long-chain L-3-hydroxy acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (LCHAD) deficiency, but excludes one infant with Carnitine Palmitoyltransferase II (CPT-II) deficiency (a condition not on our screening panel).

^cIncludes one infant with Isovaleric acidemia (IVA), two infants with methylmalonic acidemia (MMA), and excludes three infants with 3-methylcrotonyl CoA carboxylase (3-MCC) deficiency (a condition not on our screening panel).

^dDoes not include 3 infants with other T-cell lymphopeneas